



Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements



Language, Computation and Cognition (LaCC) Lab Faculty of Data and Decision Sciences | Technion

Leading water scientists have issued one of the sternest warnings yet about global food supplies, saying that the world's population may have to switch almost completely to a vegetarian diet by 2050 to avoid catastrophic shortages. Humans derive about 20% of their protein from animal-based products now, but this may need to drop to just 5% to feed the extra two billion people expected to be alive by 2050, according to research by some of the world's leading water scientists. "There will not be enough water available on current croplands to produce food for the expected nine-billion population in 2050 if we follow current trends and changes towards diets common in western nations," the report by Malik Falkenmark and colleagues at the Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) said.

Q: According to Malik Falkenmark's report, what will happen if the world adopts the current diet trends of western nations?

B: By 2050, nine billion people will not have enough drinking water

A: By 2050, animal-based protein consumption will reduce from 20% to 5%

C: There will not be sufficient water to grow enough food for everyone

D: Obesity rates around the world will rise

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D: Obesity rates around the world will rise

What physiological or behavioral cues might reveal comprehension level, bypassing the need for answering traditional comprehension questions?



IP Time 00000087 ms / Trial Time 00000087 ms

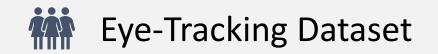




Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements

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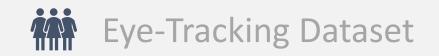
Text & Eye Movements Modeling



Systematic Evaluation

Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements



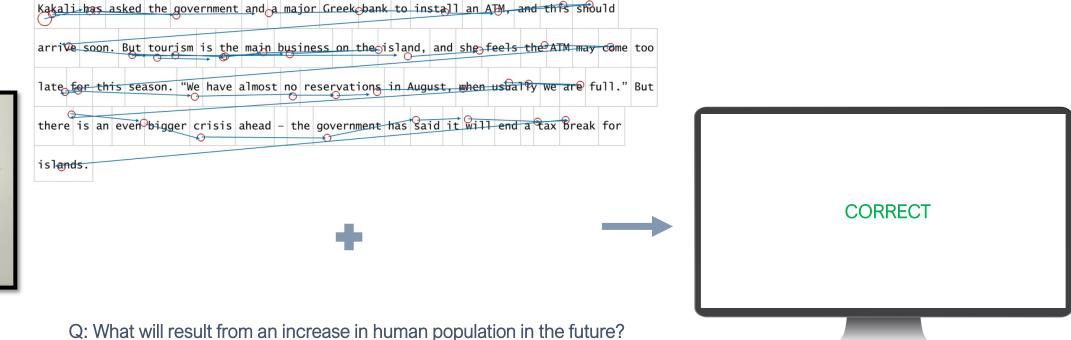


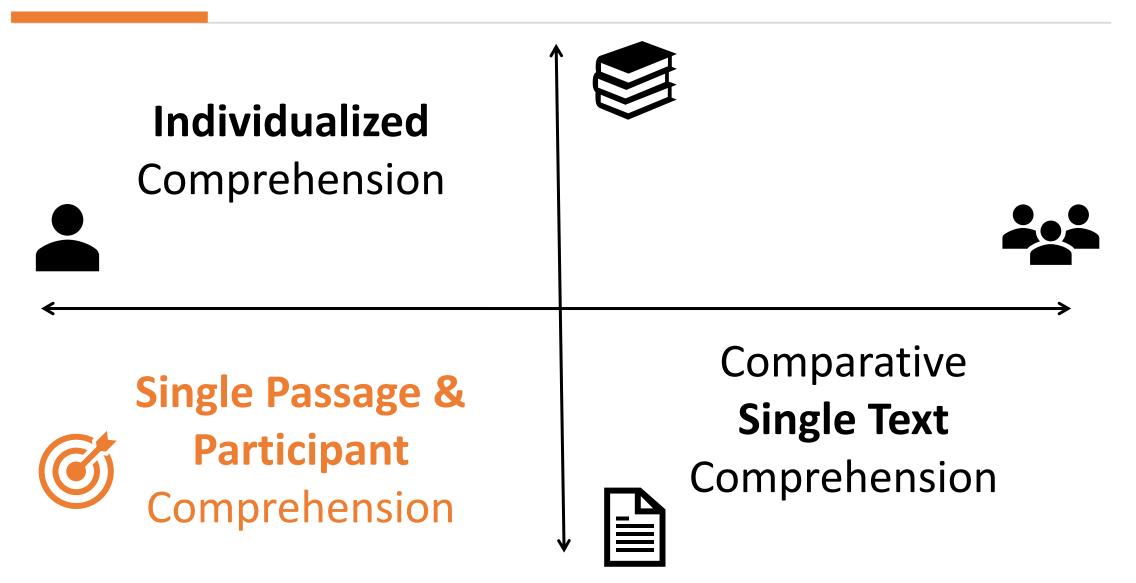
Text & Eye Movements Modeling



Systematic Evaluation





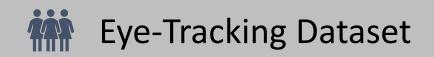


Single Passage & Participant Comprehension High-Quality Language Models

Large-Scale Eye-Tracking Dataset

Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements





Text & Eye Movements Modeling



Systematic Evaluation





Textual Materials – OneStopQA



Eye Tracking Experiment – OneStop Eye Movements





Textual Materials – OneStopQA



Eye Tracking Experiment – OneStop Eye Movements

OneStopQA (Berzak 2020)



Multiple-choice question-answering dataset

d) Food quality will decrease

324 Paragraphs me billion. Already one billion In the next 30 years, the planet's human people do not get enough for pressure on agricultural land, water, forests, fisheries and rese rergy supplies. The cost of meat is increasing – it costs nave to destroy a lot of rainforest to make fields or to grow food for more m cows. Cd methane. The farming of cows, pigs and sheep makes very large amounts of greenhouse gases – 35% of the planet's methane, 65% of its nitrous oxide and 9% of the carbon dioxide. ulation in the future? Q: What will result from an increase in hum Questions a) More pressure on farming b) One billion ugh food c) The level gases will increase by 35%

Data



Textual Materials – OneStopQA



Eye Tracking Experiment – OneStop Eye Movements

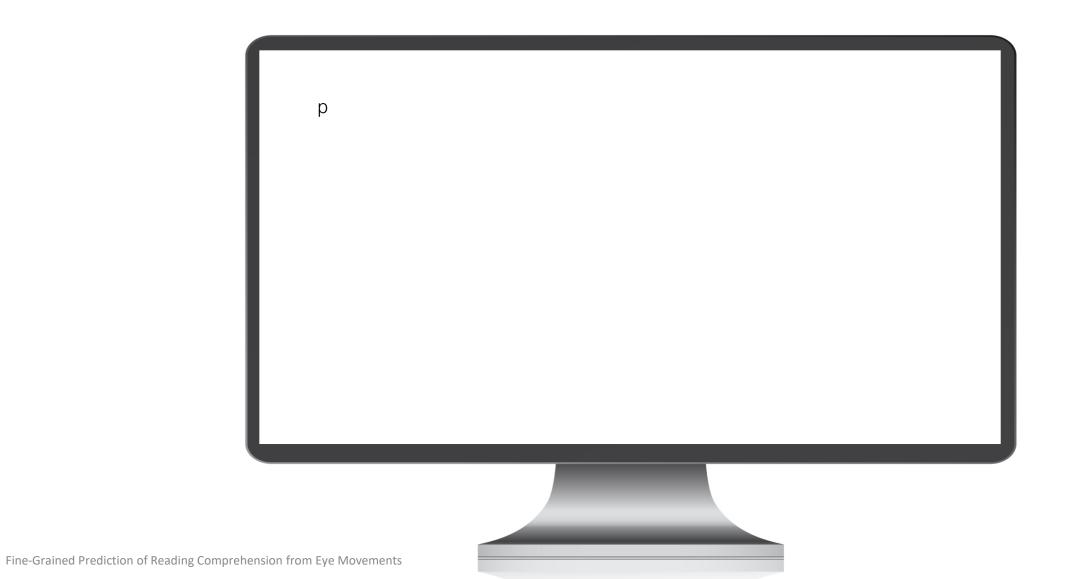
Eye Tracking Experiment







Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements

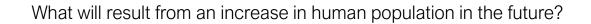


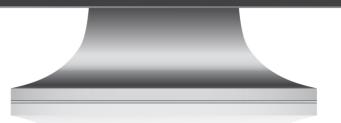
Over the next 30 years, the planet's human population will increase to nine billion. Already one billion people do not get enough food. The increase will mean more pressure on agricultural land, water, forests, fisheries and biodiversity resources, as well as nutrients and energy supplies. The cost of meat is rising, not just in terms of hard cash but also in terms of the amount of rainforest that is destroyed for grazing or to grow feedstuff for cattle. There is also the issue of methane excreted by cows. The livestock farming contribution, in terms of greenhouse gas emissions, is enormous – 35% of the planet's methane, 65% of its nitrous oxide and 9% of the carbon dioxide.





Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements





What will result from an increase in human population in the future?

a) One billion people will not have enough food

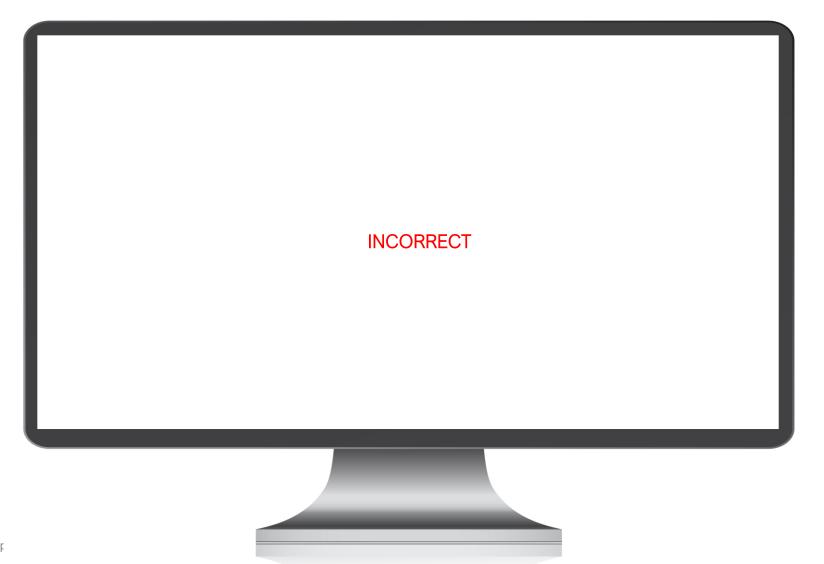
b) More pressure on farming

c) Food quality will decrease

resources

d) The level of greenhouse gaseswill increase by 35%

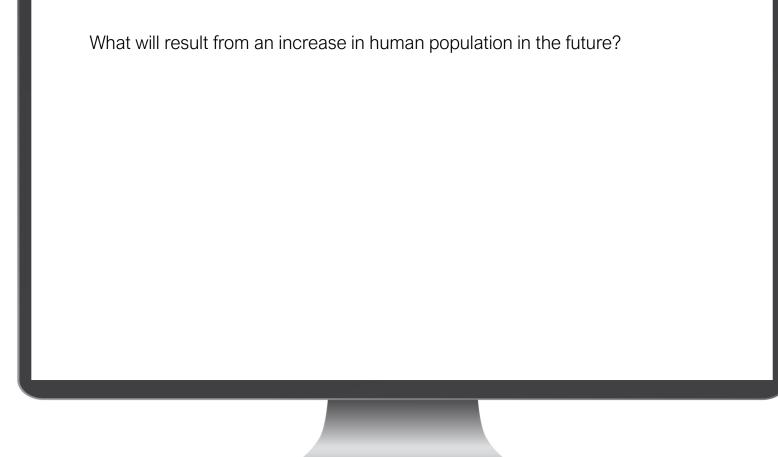
What will result from an increase in human population in the future?		
a) One billior have enou	n people will not ugh food	
b) More pressure on farming resources	c) Food quality will decrease	
d) The level of greenhouse gases will increase by 35%		







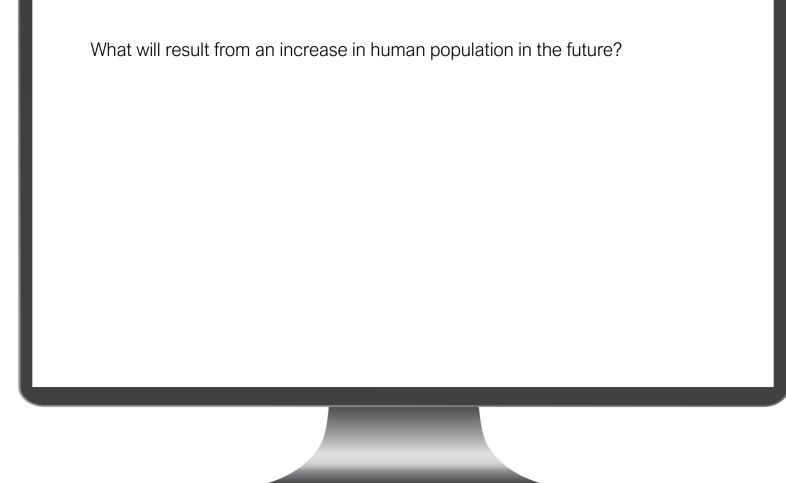
Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements





Over the next 30 years, the planet's human population will increase to nine billion. Already one billion people do not get enough food. The increase will mean more pressure on agricultural land, water, forests, fisheries and biodiversity resources, as well as nutrients and energy supplies. The cost of meat is rising, not just in terms of hard cash but also in terms of the amount of rainforest that is destroyed for grazing or to grow feedstuff for cattle. There is also the issue of methane excreted by cows. The livestock farming contribution, in terms of greenhouse gas emissions, is enormous – 35% of the planet's methane, 65% of its nitrous oxide and 9% of the carbon dioxide.





What will result from an increase in human population in the future?

a) One billion people will not have enough food

b) More pressure on farming

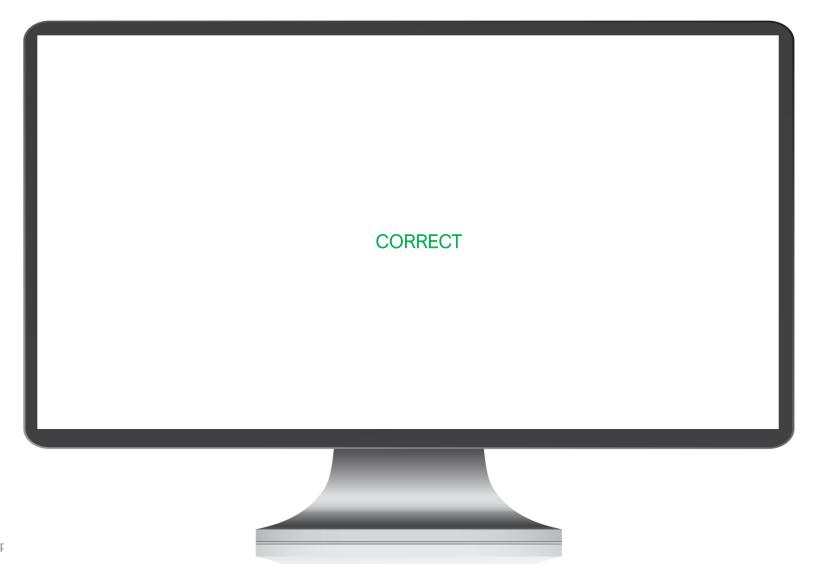
c) Food quality will decrease

resources

d) The level of greenhouse gases will increase by 35%



What will result from an increase in human population in the future?		
	a) One billion people will not have enough food	
b) More pressure on farming resources		c) Food quality will decrease
	d) The level of greenhouse g will increase by 35%	jases



Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comr

Experiment Details

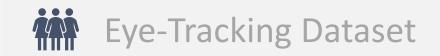


 \times 54 Passages

±20k answers

Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements



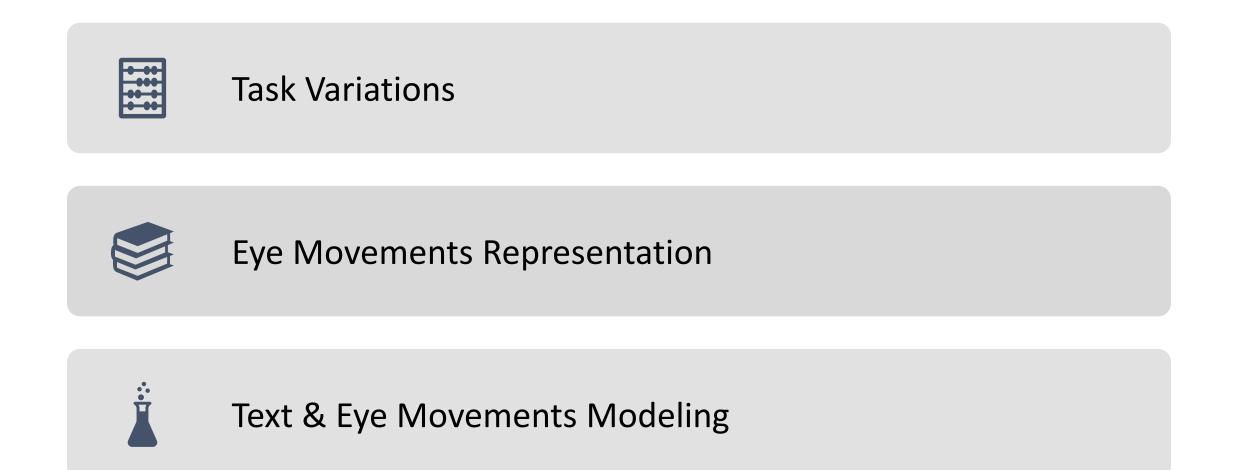


Text & Eye Movements Modeling

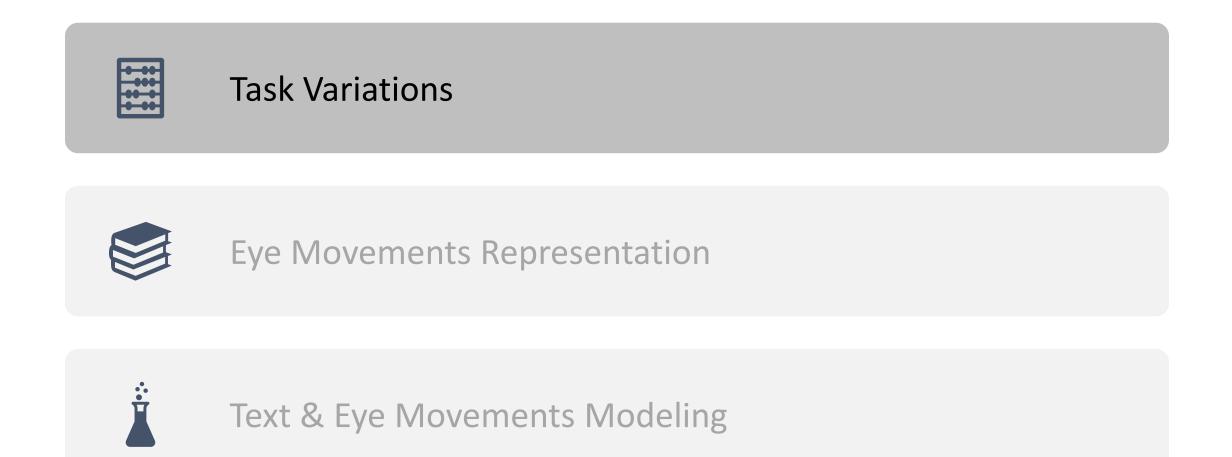


Systematic Evaluation

Comprehension Prediction Framework



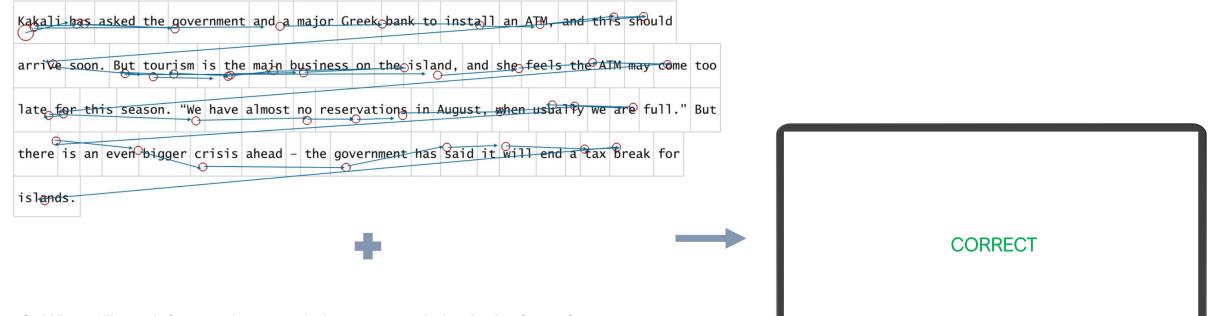
Comprehension Prediction Framework



Task Variations



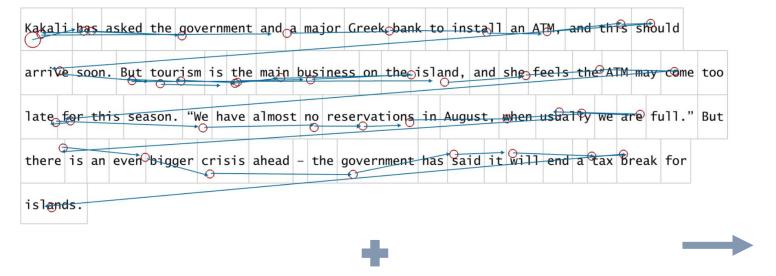
Binary Reading Comprehension



Q: What will result from an increase in human population in the future?

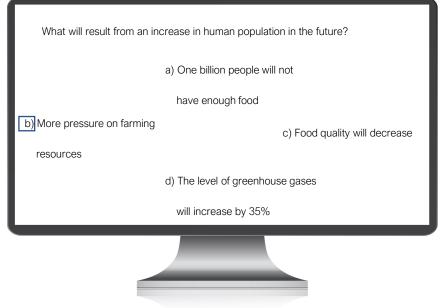


Multiple-choice Question Answering

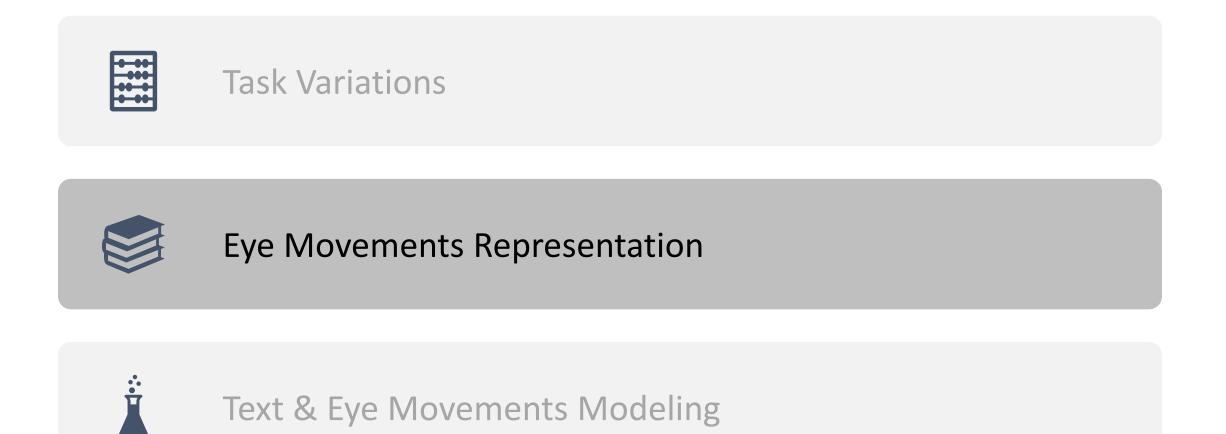


Q: What will result from an increase in human population in the future?

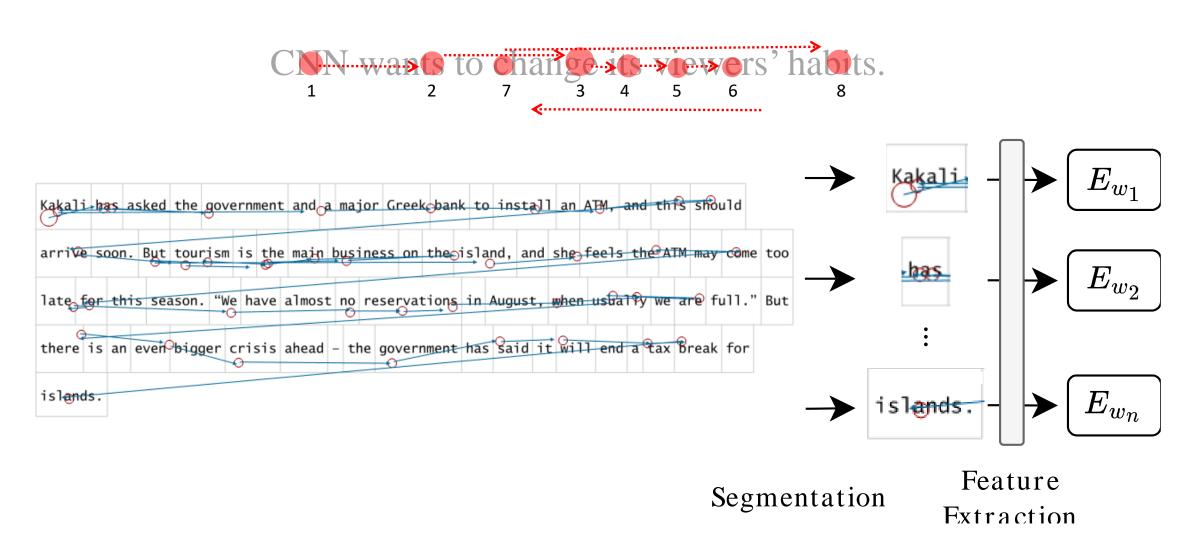
- a) More pressure on farming resources
- b) One billion people will not have enough food
- c) The level of greenhouse gases will increase by 35%
- d) Food quality will decrease



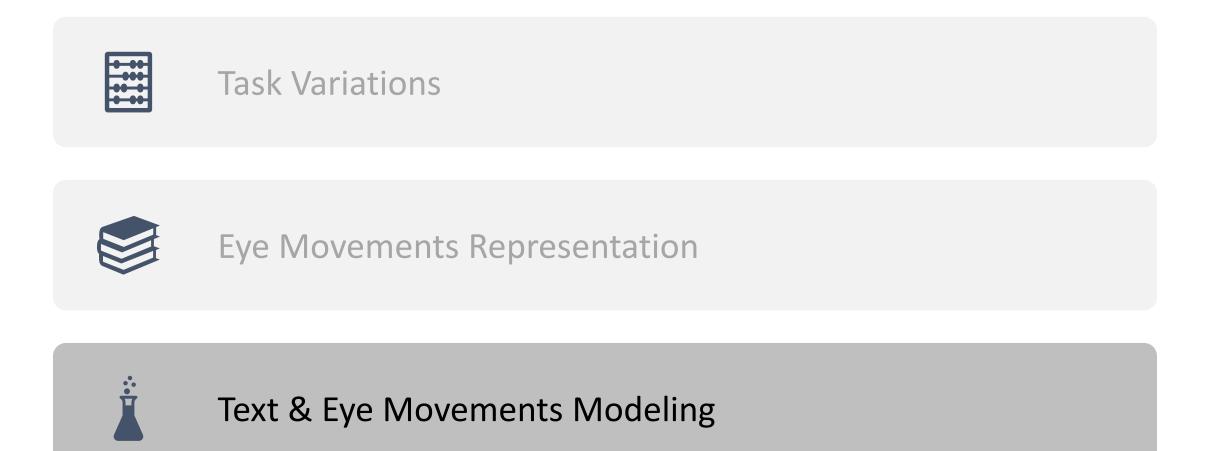
Comprehension Prediction Framework



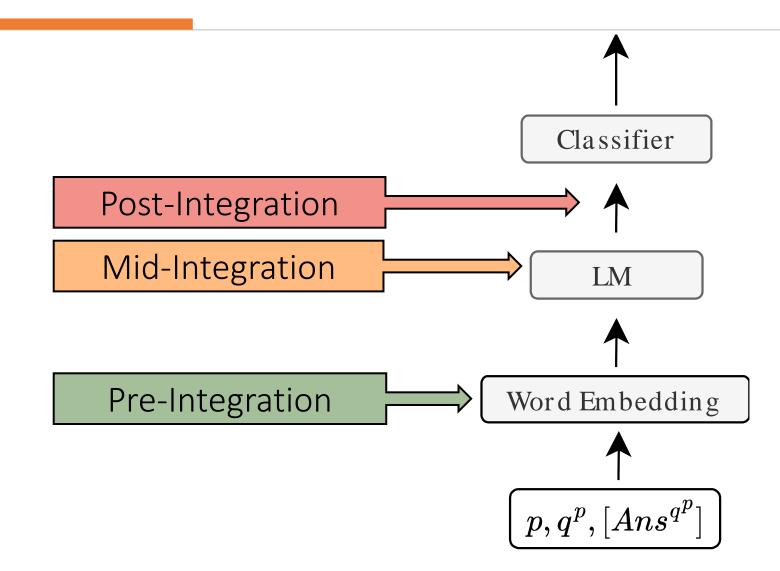
Representing Eye Movements



Comprehension Prediction Framework



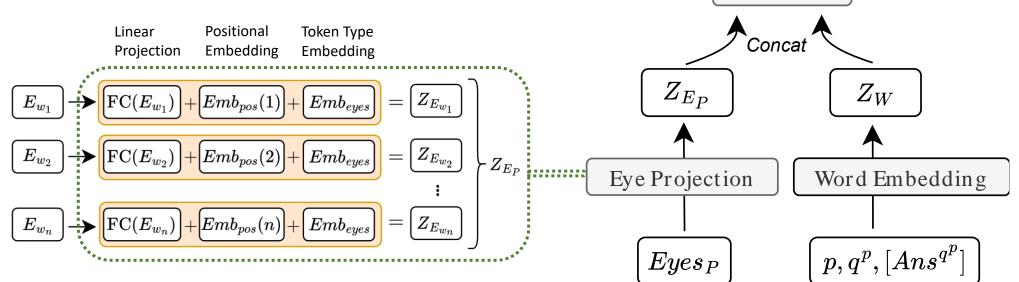
Modeling



Pre-integration (RoBERTa-Qeye)

- 1. Projection to word-representation space
- 2. Concatenate as embedding-level input

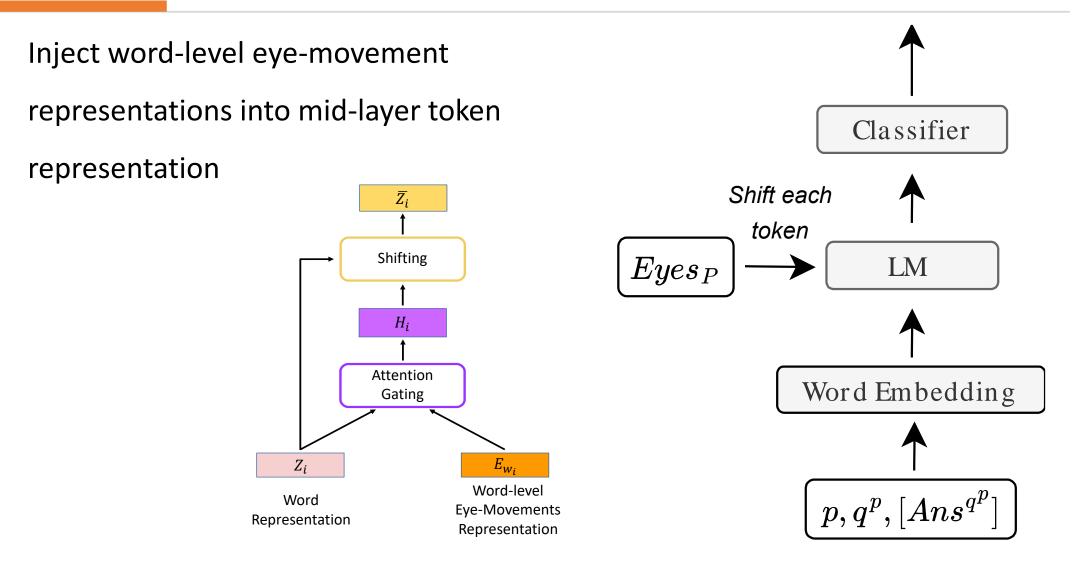
(soft prompting)



Classifier

LM

Mid-integration (MAG-Qeye)



Post-integration (PostFusion-Qeye)

1. Encode Words and eye-movements

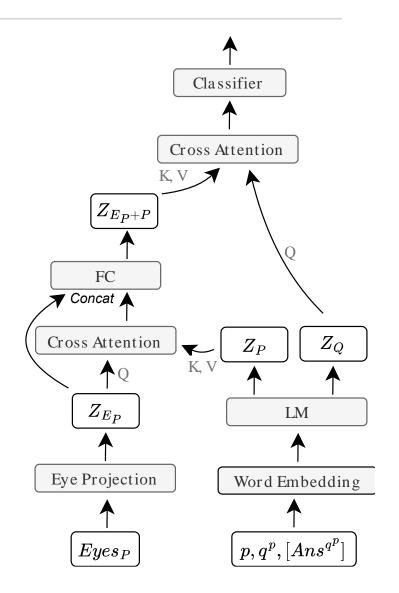
separately

2. Query Eye-movement representations

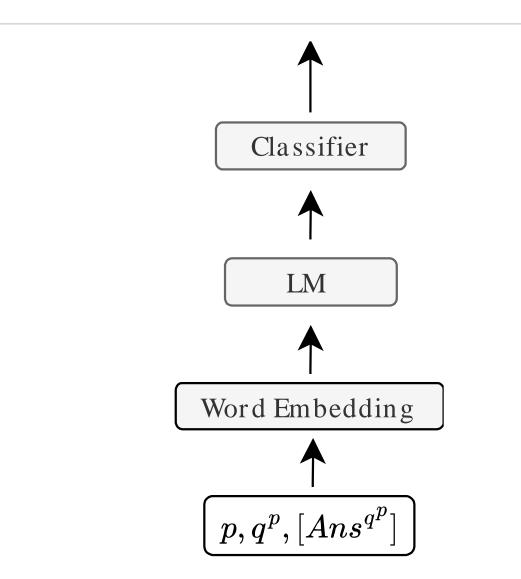
over

text representations

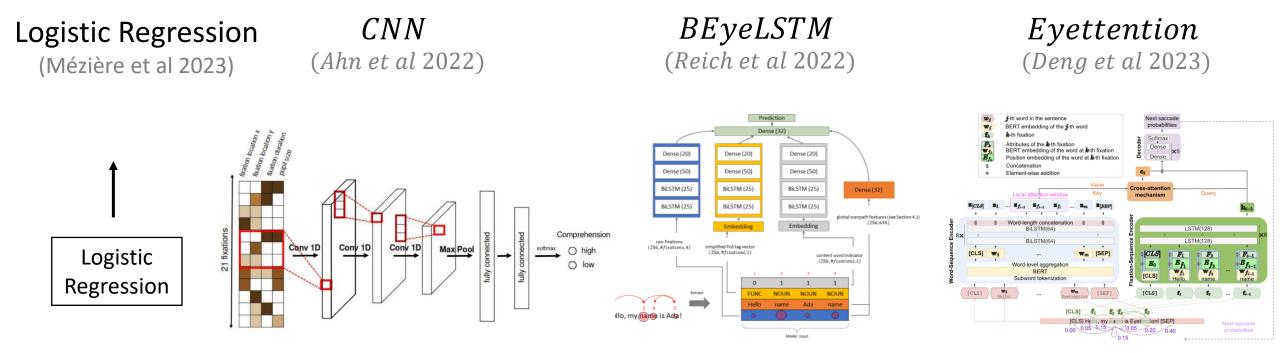
3. Query the result over the question representation



Baseline - Text-only RoBERTa



Prior Approaches

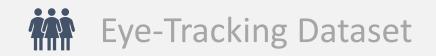


Individualized Comprehension Prediction

Next Fixation Prediction

Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements





Text & Eye Movements Modeling



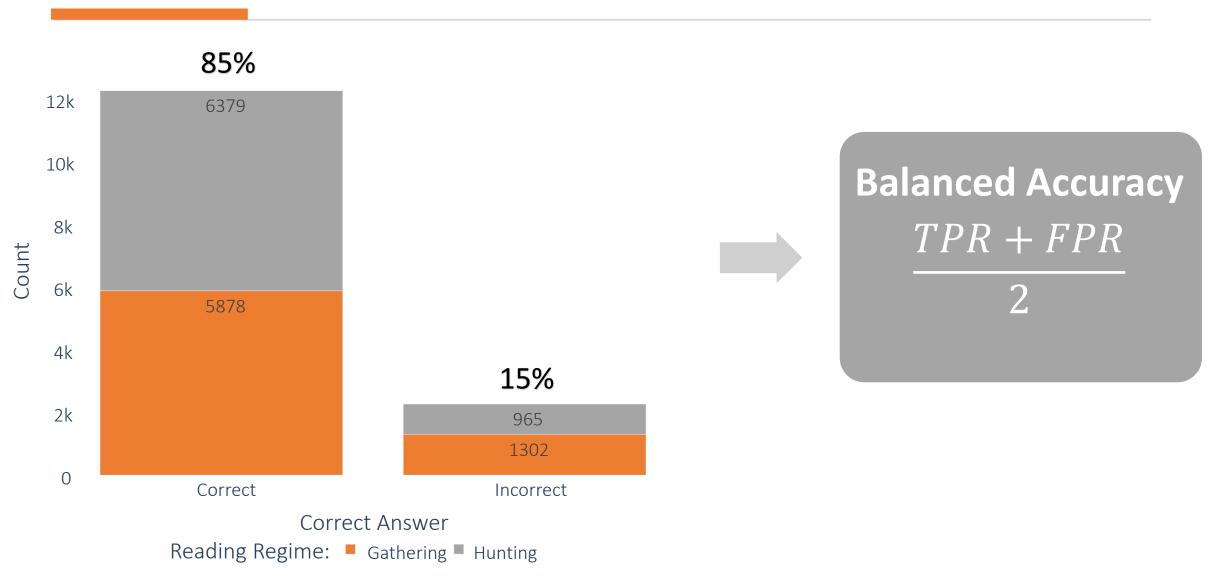
Systematic Evaluation

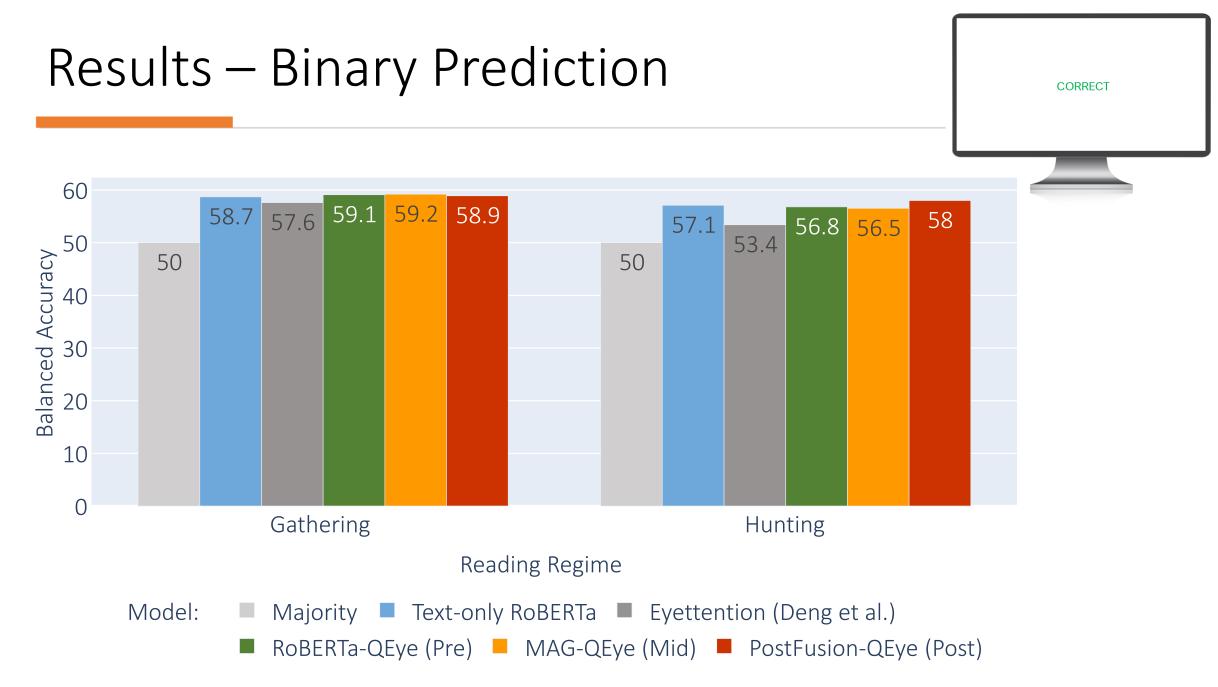
Item-Participant Cross Validation

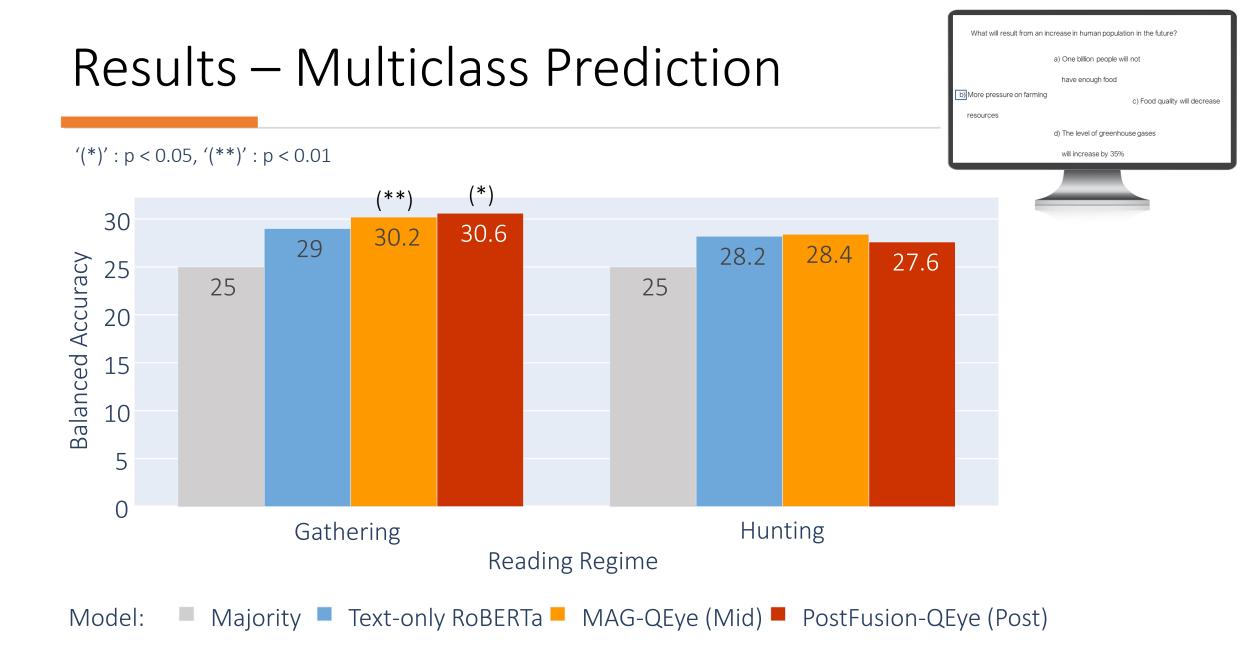
Participants × 10 CV splits Train New Participants H/G Separately Items Val New Items New Items &

Participants

Evaluation Metric









Fine-grained reading comprehension prediction is hard Moderate improvements over a text-only baseline are achievable. Reading goals matter (information-seeking is harder)





Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements

Fine-grained reading comprehension prediction is hard

Moderate improvements over a strong text-only baseline are achievable.

Reading goals matter (information-seeking is harder)





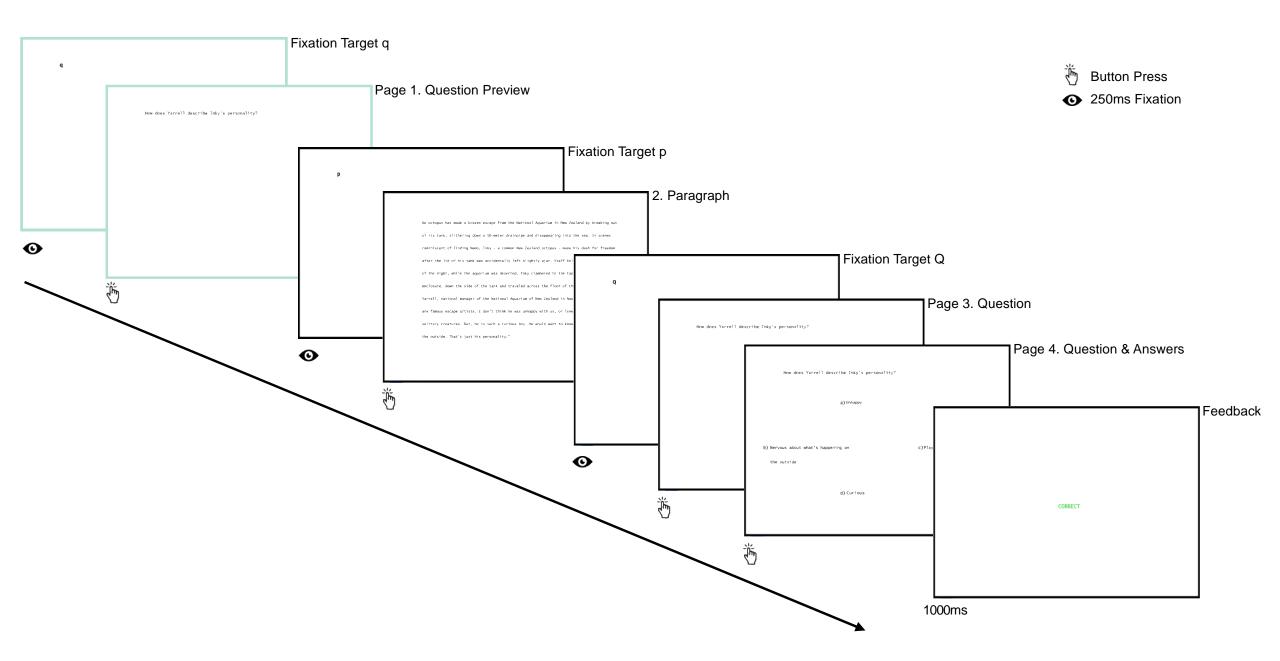
Appendix

Results – Binary Comprehension Prediction

Binary Reading Comprehension				Ordinary Reading (Gathering)			Information Seeking (Hunting)			
Model	Gaze Representation	Text Representation	New Item	New Participant	New Item & Participant	New Item	New Participant	New Item & Participant		
Majority	None	None	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0		
Text-only RoBERTa	None Emb		54.8	63.1	55.2	51.8	63.1 52.2	50.5 52.3		
Log. Reg. (Mézière et al., 2023b)	Global None		53.3	50.8	53.8	53.2				
CNN (Ahn et al., 2020a)	Fixations	None	51.0	51.0	51.9	51.4	51.3	49.2		
BEyeLSTM (Reich et al., 2022)	Fixations	Ling. Feat.	50.6	55.7	51.1	50.5	55.1	55.1		
Eyettention (Deng et al., 2023)	Fixations	Emb + Word Len.	54.8	60.4	57.1	50.5	56.4	52.3		
RoBERTa-QEye	Words	Emb + Ling. Feat.	55.5	63.5	52.1	50.5	63.8	51.0		
RoBERTa-QEye	Fixations	Emb + Ling. Feat.	53.3	61.3	57.1	50.3	60.3	50.8		
MAG-QEye	Words	Emb + Ling. Feat.	54.8	64.1 *	53.8	52.5	62.3	51.3		
PostFusion-QEye	Fixations	Emb + Ling. Feat.	54.8	63.5	55.0	53.8 *	62.7	53.8		

Results - Multiclass

	Multiple-Choice Reading Comprehension				Ordinary Read	ing (Gathering)	Information Seeking (Hunting)				
	Model	Gaze Representation	Text Representation	New Item	New Participant	New Item & Participant	All	New Item	New Participant	New Item & Participant	All
	Majority	None	None	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Text-only RoBERTa	None	Emb	25.3	33.0	25.2	29.0	25.0	31.7	24.8	28.2
Vid) Post)	MAG-QEye PostFusion-QEye	Words Fixations	Emb + Ling. Feat. Emb + Ling. Feat.	27.9*** 29.4**	32.5 31.7	30.4*** 32.9*	30.2** 30.6*	26.8 27.5 *	30.0 27.9	29.0 26.7	28.4 27.6



OneStop – Eye Tracking Experiment

Two between-subjects conditions:

• Hunting (information-seeking)





• Gathering (ordinary reading)



Task Effects in Reading

In	the	next	30	years,	the	planet's	human	population	will
increase	to	nine	billion.	Already	one	billion	people	do	not
get	enough	food.	The	increase	will	put	more	pressure	on
agricultural	land,	water,	forests,	fisheries	and	resources,	and	also	food
and	energy	supplies.	The	cost	of	meat	is	increasing	<u>-</u>
it	costs	more	money	now,	but	also	people	have	to
destroy	а	lot	of	rainforest	to	make	fields	or	to
grow	food	for	COWS.	Cows	also	make	methane.	The	farming
of	cows,	pigs	and	sheep	makes	very	large	amounts	of
greenhouse	gases	-	35%	of	the	planet's	methane,	65%	of
its	nitrous	oxide	and	9%	of	the	carbon	dioxide.	

64

Task Effects in Reading

Gathering (no question preview)

In	the	next	30	years,	the	planet's	human	population	will
increase	to	nine	billion.	Already	one	billion	people	do	not
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greenhouse	gases	-	35%	of	the	planet's	methane,	65%	of
its	nitrous	oxide	and	9%	of	the	carbon	dioxide.	



Hunting (with question preview) Q: What will result from an increase in human population in the future?

In	the	next	30	years,	the	planet's	human	population	will
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grow	food	for	COWS.	Cows		make	methane.	The	farming
of	cows,	pigs	and	sheep	makes	very	large	amounts	of
greenhouse	gases	-	35%	of	the	planet's	methane,	65%	of
its	nitrous	oxide	and	9%	of	the	carbon	dioxide.	



Hunting (with question preview) Q: Which of these is mentioned as a cost of meat?

In	the	next	30	years,	the	planet's	human	population	will
increase	to	nine	billion.	Already	one	billion	people	do	not
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it	costs			now,	but	also	people	have	to
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88 Malmaud et. al. found shorter reading times in Hunting, out of the critical span

How do people read?

CNN wants to change its viewers' habits.

Fixations

Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements

How do people read?

CNN wasts to change its viewers' habits.

Saccades

Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements

How do we model reading?



- Raw millisecond-level X Y screen coordinates
- Fixation / Scanpath measures
- Word-level measures
- Global

Fine-Grained Prediction of Reading Comprehension from Eye Movements

OneStopQA – STARC Annotation Framework (Berzak 2020)

- Multiple-choice question-answering dataset
- Structured distractors

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Critical span:

Information essential for answering the question.

In the next 30 years, the planet's human population will increase to nine billion. Already one billion people do not get enough food. The increase will put more pressure on agricultural land, water, forests, fisheries and resources, and also food and energy supplies. The cost of meat is increasing – it costs)| || more money now, but also people have to destroy a lot of rainforest to make fields or to grow food for cows. Cows also make methane. The farming of cows, pigs and sheep makes very large amounts of 11 greenhouse gases – 35% of the planet's methane, 65% of its nitrous oxide and 9% of the carbon dioxide. Distractor Q: What will result from an increase in human population in the future? A) More pressure on farming resources span B) One billion people will not have enough food C) The level of greenhouse gases will increase by 35% Degree of comprehension D) Food quality will decrease

What physiological or behavioral cues might reveal comprehension level in real time?



